

259.259 Critical Value Reporting

Copy of version 20.0 (approved and current)

Last Approval or
Periodic Review Completed 12/9/2025

Next Periodic Review
Needed On or Before 12/9/2027

Effective Date 12/9/2025

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Controlled Copy ID 17540

Location General Lab Manual

Organization Porter Medical Center

Approval and Periodic Review Signatures

Type	Description	Date	Version	Performed By	Notes
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Approval	Reviewed by Laboratory Manager	12/7/2025	20.0	Lia McFarline	

Signatures from prior revisions are not listed.

Approvals and periodic reviews that occurred before this document was added to Document Control may not be listed.

Prior History

Critical Value Reporting

Document Number: GEN-001-Proc-Ver.2

Effective Date: November 10, 2010

Employee Initial Review

Employee's Name	Date of Initial Review by the Employee	Employee's Initials	Employee's Signature
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Document Number: GEN-001-Proc-Ver 2

Document Number: GEN-001-Proc-Ver 2

Employee Initial Review

[illegible]

Version History

Version	Status	Type	Date Added	Date Effective	Date Retired
20.0	Approved and Current	Major revision	11/18/2025	12/9/2025	Indefinite

Critical Value Reporting

Table of Contents

GENERAL.....2

 PURPOSE.....2

 RESPONSIBILITY2

PROCEDURE3

REFERENCES4

DOCUMENT AUTHORS.....4

REVISION HISTORY4

APPENDICES.....4

 APPENDIX A: Critical Values Chart.....5

Critical Value Reporting

GENERAL

PURPOSE

- The Critical Value List is a valuable working tool that specifies which tests and ranges of results constitute a critical value and require immediate notification of the results to the patient's physician. The list has been approved by the pathologist and by the medical staff of UVM Health Network/Porter Medical Center/Laboratory. The critical values list can be found as APPENDIX A of this procedure.

RESPONSIBILITY

It is the responsibility of the technician/technologist to:

- Review and verify patient results in a timely manner.
- Notify the physician or appropriate clinical individual of the critical value immediately and document in the computer that notification has been done. [COM.30000](#)
- If an inpatient has been discharged, notify the ordering physician.
- Notify the “on call” physician during evening, nights, or weekends. As a courtesy to the 'on call' physician, any information on the original order may be useful (home telephone, diagnosis, address), so have the requisition available when you make the call. If the computer has any prior results on the patient, the physician may also be interested in this information.
- Documentation must include the **name** (first and last name), the **credentials** and the **location** of the Physician, or appropriate clinical individual receiving and reading back the results. The date, time, and your name are automatically documented by computer. [COM.30100](#)
- ***Be sure the results are read back to you by the person receiving the results.***
- All critical value notifications will be documented in the computer even if the responsible party is not contacted until the next day.
- Faxing and/or printing report to physician or department is not sufficient notification of a critical value.
 - There is no guarantee that report will arrive or that anyone will look at the report. You must call and notify a responsible party of critical value.

Critical Value Reporting

PROCEDURE

1. If the critical value is obtained on testing performed at UVMH Porter Medical Center Laboratory, perform the following steps:

If	Then
Critical value is obtained in Blood Banking (Antibody Screen POS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repeat the test(s) using either the primary tube or a new aliquot of the patient's sample.
Critical value is in Hematology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rerun well-mixed sample and/or make a second slide and review. Analyzer auto reruns.
Critical value in Microbiology, Chemistry, Coag. or Urinalysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recheck labels, reagents, etc. to verify correct patient sample, correct reagents, etc. • It is up to the discretion of Tech and at request of provider, if it is to be repeated

2. For both critical values obtained on testing performed at UVMH Porter Medical Center and Reference Laboratories, determine the patient's location for notification and documentation purposes. **If the provider works at two different locations, confirm the ordering department prior to making the phone call.** When calling the critical value, prior to providing the appropriate clinical individual with result, request their full name (first and last) and credentials.

If	Then
Patient is an in-house patient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call the respective in-house department and state you have critical values that need to be relayed to patient's physician. • Results must be given to appropriate clinical individual.
Patient is an HPHRC resident	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notify either the primary care physician or the appropriate clinical individual.
Patient has been discharged	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notify the ordering/on-call physician
Patient is an outpatient and it is during normal office hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call office and appropriate clinical individual. • State that the critical values must be brought to the physician's attention immediately
UVMH Hematology Oncology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call the office and give critical result information to the appropriate clinical individual or patient access designee.
Patient is an outpatient and it is before/after normal office hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notify the physician on-call.

3. Using the **CommLog** function in the LIS - record the name (first and last name), the credentials and the location of the physician or clinical individual receiving and reading back the results. The date, time, and your name are automatically documented by computer.

Critical Value Reporting

4. **If notification cannot be completed within 30 minutes-**
 - a. Technologist should contact call center again for a second page.
 - b. If after 2 attempts, there is no response, then they must call the center one more time asking for an additional person on call to be paged.
 - c. Lab will make three attempts. If after the third attempt, there has been no call back, please reach out to the Emergency Department and explain your situation and ask for their help with getting ahold of the provider or patient.
 - d. Document all attempts in the Comm log and the start time of first phone call to make sure we are in compliance of starting the communication within 30 minutes of receipt of critical.
5. ***NOTE: The exception to this is CSF cell count/differentials – may take up to 1 hr. to report.***

REFERENCES

- CAP Standards: COM.30000, COM.30100

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REVISION HISTORY

- Refer to MediaLab

APPENDICES

- Appendix A: Critical Values Chart

Critical Value Chart

APPENDIX A: Critical Values Chart

Department	Test	Critical – call within 30 minutes	
Blood Bank	Compatibility	Any compatibility problems.	
	Transfusion Reactions	Any transfusion reactions indicating incompatibility.	
Chemistry	Acetaminophen	All Ages: $\geq 150.0 \mu\text{g/mL}$	
	Conjugated Bilirubin (Bc)	0-18 yrs	$\geq 1.0 \text{ mg/dL}$
		18 yrs to unspecified	$> 15.0 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Calcium	0-1 month	< 6.5 or $> 12.0 \text{ mg/dL}$
		1 month to unspecified	< 6.5 or $> 11.5 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Carbon Dioxide	< 10 or $> 40 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	Creatinine	0-18 yrs	$\geq 2.0 \text{ mg/dL}$
		18 yrs to unspecified	$\geq 15.0 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Creatinine: Delta Critical Value	0-18yrs	$\geq 0.3 \text{ mg/dL}$ higher than previous
		$> 18\text{yrs}$ to unspecified	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.0 mg/dL with no previous value 3X higher than the previous (If previous is $> 1.5 \text{ mg/dL}$) $> 4.0 \text{ mg/dL}$ and $> 2.5 \text{ mg/dL}$ higher than previous value
	Glucose (Serum/Plasma)	0-1 day	< 40 or > 80
		0 up to 7 days	< 40 or $> 180 \text{ mg/dL}$
		7 days up to 18 yrs	< 50 or $> 300 \text{ mg/dl}$
		18 yrs up to unspecified	≤ 55 or $> 500 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Glucose *Gestational Tolerance test	0 up to 18 yrs	< 50 or $> 300 \text{ mg/dl}$
		18 yrs to unspecified	< 55 or $> 500 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Lithium	$> 1.5 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	Magnesium	≤ 1.0 and $> 4.8 \text{ mg/dL}$	
	Procalcitonin	> 2.00	
	Potassium	< 3.0 or $\geq 6.0 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	Salicylate	$> 30 \text{ mg/dL}$	
	Sodium	< 125 or $> 155 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	Total Bilirubin	1 month to unspecified	$> 15 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Troponin	> 0.034 **Courtesy call for first elevated value in a series.	
	Unconjugated Bilirubin (Bu)	0 to unspecified	$> 15.0 \text{ mg/dL}$
	Valproic	0-18 yrs	$\geq 125 \mu\text{g/mL}$
		18 yrs to unspecified	$> 150 \mu\text{g/mL}$
	Vancomycin Trough	$> 25 \mu\text{g/mL}$	
RapidPoint	Lactate	$> 2.0 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	Sodium	< 125 or $> 155 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	Potassium	< 3 or $\geq 6 \text{ mmol/L}$	
	pH Blood Gases	Whole Blood Arterial Capillary	0-7 days
			7d – 6mo
			$\geq 6\text{mo}$
		Whole Blood Venous	0-6mo
		Cord Arterial/Venous	N/A
	pCO2 – whole blood arterial/venous/capillary	0-18 yrs	< 20 or $> 70 \text{ mmHg}$
	Ionized Calcium	0-6mo	< 0.85 or $> 1.6 \text{ mmol/L}$
		6 mo-18yrs	< 0.80 or $> 1.45 \text{ mmol/L}$

Critical Value Chart

			≥18 yrs	<0.80 or >1.60 mmol/L
	Base Excess - Cord Arterial/Venous		≤-10	
	TCO2 – whole blood		<10 or >40 mmol/L	
	Carboxyhemoglobin (COHb)		> 15%	
Hematology	Hemoglobin		Less than 7mg/dl	
	Hematocrit	0-6 months		< 25 %
		6 months to unspecified		< 21 %
	WBCs		< 1.0 or >50.0 K/cmm	
	Absolute (ABS) Neutrophil count (ANC)		< 0.50 K/cmm	
	Platelets		< 21 or > 1200 K/cmm	
	Blasts		>20 %	
CSF TNC		≥100 /cmm		
Coagulation	INR		≥ 5.0	
	PTT		> 100 sec.	
	Fibrinogen		< 90 mg/dL	
	Heparin Level – UFH		> 1.0 IU/mL	
	Heparin Level – LMWH		> 2.0 IU/mL	
Urinalysis	Ketones		3+ (large)	
Microbiology	Blood Cultures		Growth of any organism	
	Fluid Gram stains (CSF)		Growth of any organism	
	CDIF PCR		BOTH Toxigenic CDIF Positive and 027, NAP1, BI strain Positive	
Send Out tests	CSF Gram stains/Cultures		Growth of any organism	
	Mycobacteria TB Complex PCR		Positive	
	Plasmodium (all species) in Blood parasite exam (PBEX) or BinaxNow antigen		Positive	
Point of Care	NOVA Glucometer (0-24 hrs)	Glucose	Refer to Newborn Hypoglycemic Protocol	
	NOVA Glucometer (1- 8 days)	Glucose	<40 mg/dL OR >180 mg/dL If < 30 confirm via lab draw within 1 hour	
	NOVA Glucometer (>= 8 days to Adult)	Glucose	<50 mg/dL OR >500 mg/dL If > 500 confirm via lab draw within 1 hour	
	Coagucheck XS	INR	≥ 5.0, send to main lab for confirmation	
	Hemocue	Hemoglobin	>7.0 g/dL, confirm result if requested	
	Clinitek Status+	Urine - Ketones	3+ or 4+	
	Lead Care II	Lead	≥ 45 µg/dL	